

THE FORUM FOR AUTOMATION AND MANUFACTURING PROFESSIONALS



Enterprise Architecture to fight the 2nd law of Thermodynamics

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- Introduction
- Physics
- The Industrial Enterprise System
- Enterprise Architecture
- ISA88/95 manufacturing modeling framework
- Conclusion



Information in Industrial Enterprise

- Information flood, addiction
- Common paradigm:
 - Computer + network + databases + software = IS
 - Information System serves the Enterprise system



- WBF EU2008: Closing the gap between IT and manufacturing
 - Need for a symbiotic approach more conform to the



Relative importance of IT in Enterprises

Service, Banks, Insurance companies

- The sold items are virtual = intrinsically Informational
- IT is the production asset = investment
 - Objective return on investment

Industry

- The sold items are physical
- IT is a supporting utility = operating expense
 - How to justify expenses? Feeling, assumptions, hopes...
 - Hard benefits of early automation: eliminated biological workforce (and associated costs)
- What is the true IT importance?



Sustainable development and environment

- Industry is a major component in the Earth ecosystem
- Fast rise of enterprises « Social Responsibility » concern
 - Cares about social, environmental and economical footprints
 - Various motivations



Enterprise as a scientific subject

Largely studied subject

- Academic studies often stays at the "Valid philosophy" stage
- Intuitive, simple, common sense approaches (6 Sigma, Lean management, Theory of Constraints) more successful

Enterprises intuitive management

- Market, Shareholders, bankers, environmentalists, economics constraints
- => genial intuitive managers

Leveraging relevant physics principles

- Help achieving short term "reasonable" objectives & long term sustainable evolution
- Converge to Information





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• The nature is not deterministic

- Not everything is written
- Surprises are needed for the fun... and for evolution

Chaos in space

• What is the length of French Brittany shores?

Chaos in Time

The "Butterfly Effect"

Enterprise are chaotic

- As most natural systems
- Unpredictable events, Unexpected outcomes Murphy's law..



Complexity

Doesn't mean "complicated"

- Interaction: Many components interacting non linearly
- Chaotic: makes the system capable of improvements
- Spanning several scales : Plants, Area, Work centres, Units, Drives
- Emerging properties / behaviour : properly driven machine and appropriate knowledge can elaborate a product unknown from the machine perspective
- Self organization, adaptability, ultimately selfreproduction
- Involves Cooperation/Competition, Internally/Externally



The 2 laws of Thermodynamics: In a closed systems

- 1. Total energy does not change
- 2. Temperatures tend to equilibrium: part of the energy mutes in a non usable form because of "Entropy"

3 Interpretations

- <u>Irreversibility</u>: engines produce unrecoverable heat
 - The Arrow of Time: Closed systems entropy always increases as the Universe's
- Measure of the disorder: Kid's room, engineer desk...
- Measure of ignorance: We are part of the system: Disorder prevents understanding

Entropy of an open system can increase or decrease

At the expense of the surrounding system



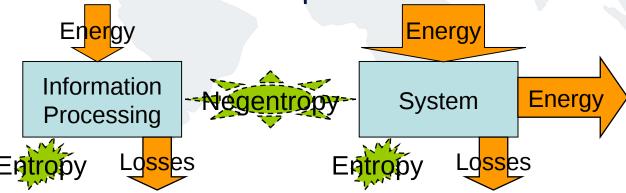
Information Physics

- Information is the ultimate science
 - Allows to build other sciences
- Could be a primary material of the Universe...
 - Particles interactions, particles themselves...
 - Grinbaum: Time = Ignorance (= Entropy?)
- Information Entropy (Shannon)
 - The minimum length of a message for a given meaning
 - Affected by coding, noise, redundancy
 - Could be generalized to measure the "effectiveness" of information processing.



Energy and Information

- Information processing consumes energy
 - Does not produce any energy: thermodynamic entropy is maximum
- Information conveys ordering power, "Negentropy"
 - Information "applied" to a system increases its knowledge, its order = reduces its entropy
- Generalized Information entropy represents the entropic effectiveness of this process





Systemics / Cybernetics

Systemics studies Open, Complex systems

- System: Set of elements in dynamic interrelation that are organised for a given purpose (J. De Rosnay)
- Open system: Interacts with its environment
 - =/ Closed system: no matter/energy I/Os
- Complex system: the whole more than its parts, chaos...
- Opposes to (or complement) Cartesian, analytic approach
- Particularly applied in sociology, biology and environment

Cybernetics is part of systemics

- Is basically about control loops...
- Complex systems are full of them!





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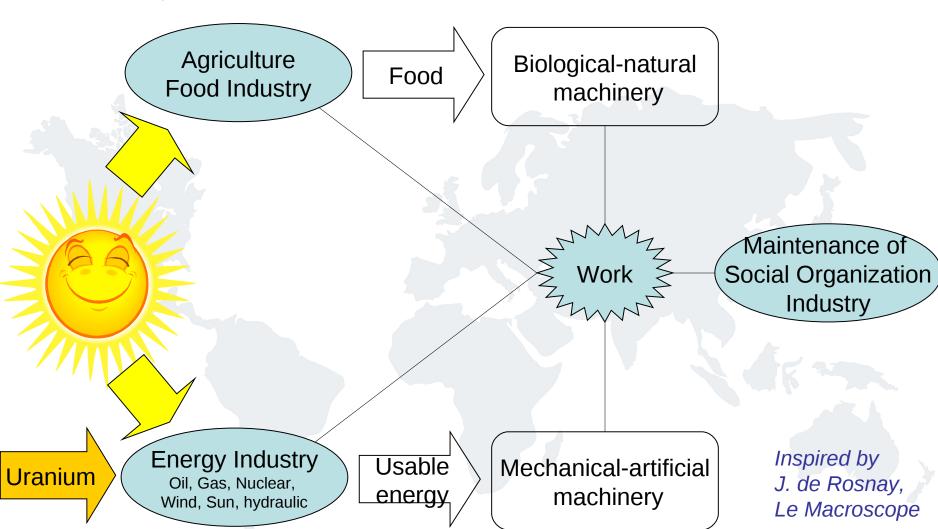


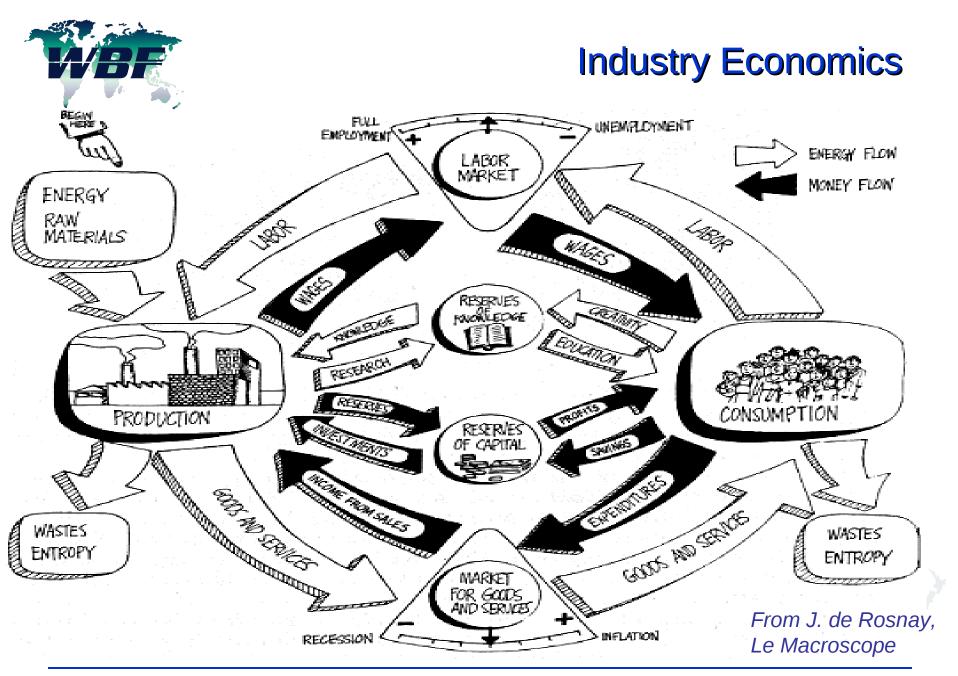
Enterprise is an Open, Complex System

- Physical interactions:
 - Earth, other Enterprises, internal Resources
- Noospherical interactions:
 - Goals of the World, Humanity, Humans, Owners, other enterprises
- Social interactions:
 - Nations, NGOs, Trade unions, Family
- Obeys to cybernetics' laws (i.e. PID)



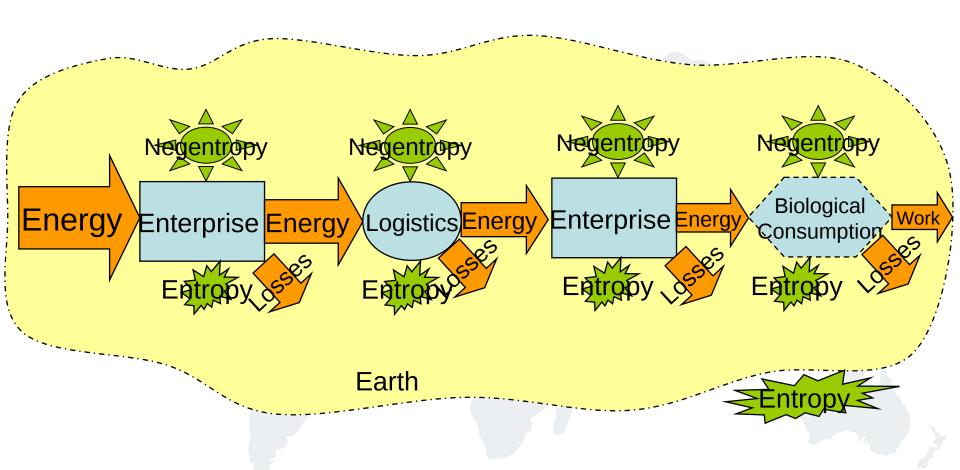
Industry eco-system





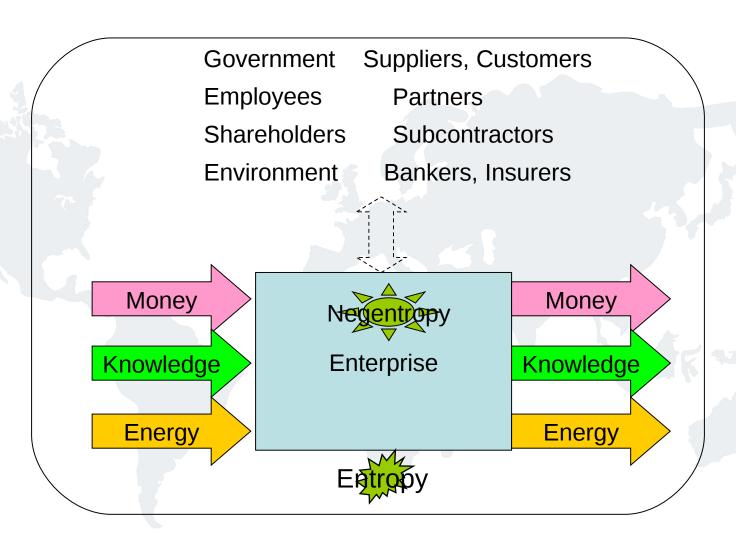


The enterprise black box: Energy Chain



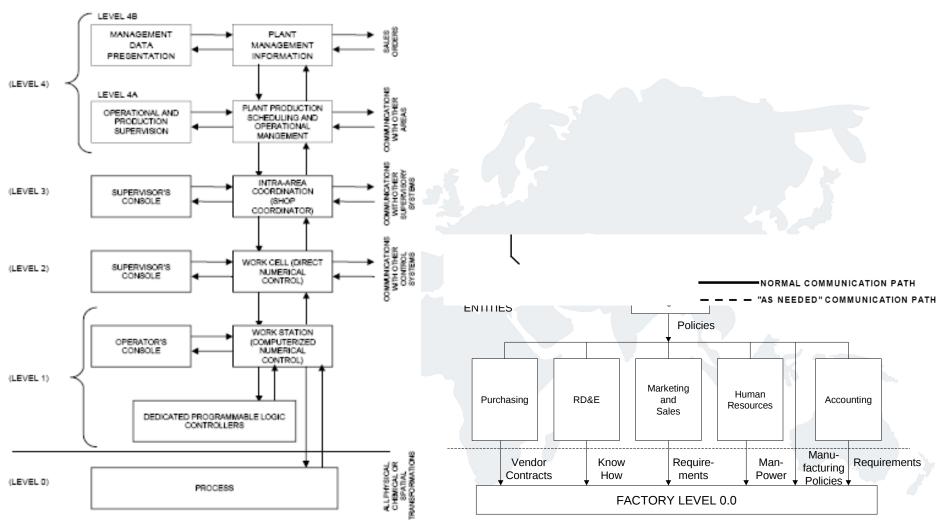


The enterprise black box: Energy Chain



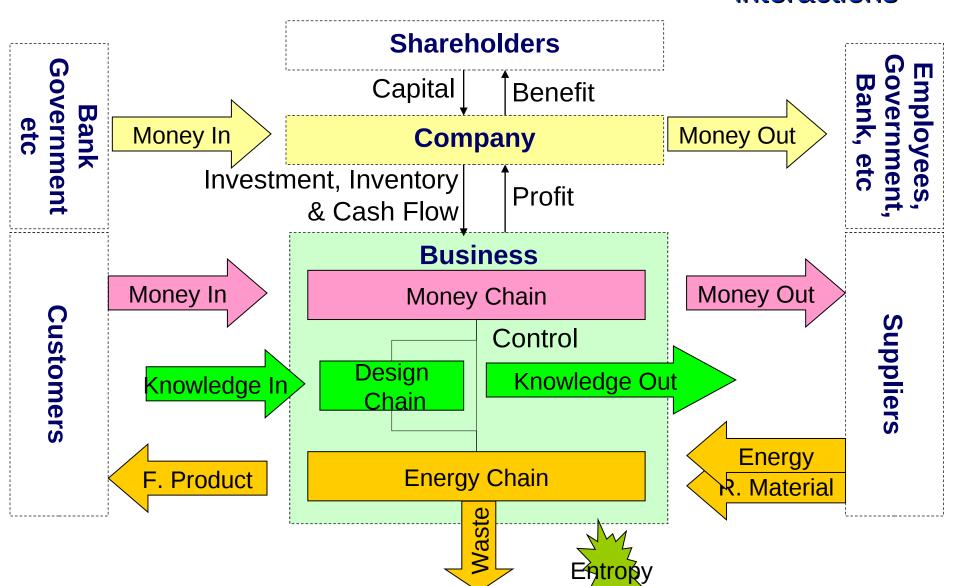


Opening the black box: Examples of enterprise structures (from PRM)





Opening the black box: High level interactions





Enterprise entropy

Many different forms of energy

 Thermal, chemical, Electrical, Radiant, Nuclear, Magnetic, Elastic, Acoustic, Gravitational...

Many different forms of entropy

- Human resource: inefficiency, errors, tiredness, aging, illness, discontent..
- Equipment resource: wear & tear, inefficiency, breakdown...
- Material & energy resource: waste, energetic balance, uselessness (decreasing relevancy)...

High entropy may satisfy short term financial goals

Earth system feedback loops will correct or eliminate offenders



Information, IT and Enterprise

- There are no Information System
 - Information is part of the system, of the enterprise
 - Not the attribute of a separate enterprise component
- IT just adds to other information media
 - From people's memory, paper files, couriers, telephone, pneumatic tubes, human brain, analog computers, mechanical marvels...
 - ...To electronic data storage devices, networks, and computers
- IT makes possible more interactions, more complexity, more knowledge, less entropy



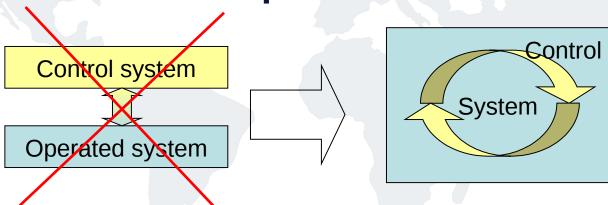


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Enterprise System Control

- Enterprise is a complex, adaptive system
 - Many components interactions
 - Many feedback loops
 - Enterprise control is like Process control
- Control is not separate





Why an enterprise architecture?

- Entropy is impacted by knowledge, organization, information
- EA helps for
 - Understanding: describes enterprise spatiotemporal aspects (structures and interactions)
 - Defining target improvements: design changes
 - Monitoring achieved improvements: follow-up with changes implementation and effectiveness



Why an Enterprise Architecture?

It is Architecture effort

- Unlike construction business, it is an ongoing activity in a living organism like an Enterprise
- Drafts AS-IS and prospective TO-BE
- Plan and monitor the construction / Changes

Enterprise is essentially a "virtual entity"

- Mainly informational
- Buildings and facilities are merely a facet

Pitfalls

- EA too often IT focused
- Top-down, prescriptive approaches can kill the system by negating its complexity



Enterprise Architecture Modelling Frameworks

- EA relies on Models
 - Express knowledge relate to entropy...
- Many EA frameworks
 - PERA, CIMOSA, Zachman, TOGAF, FEAF, IAF...
 - Strong IT focus
 - High level meta-models, do not contradict more practical models like ISA88/ISA95









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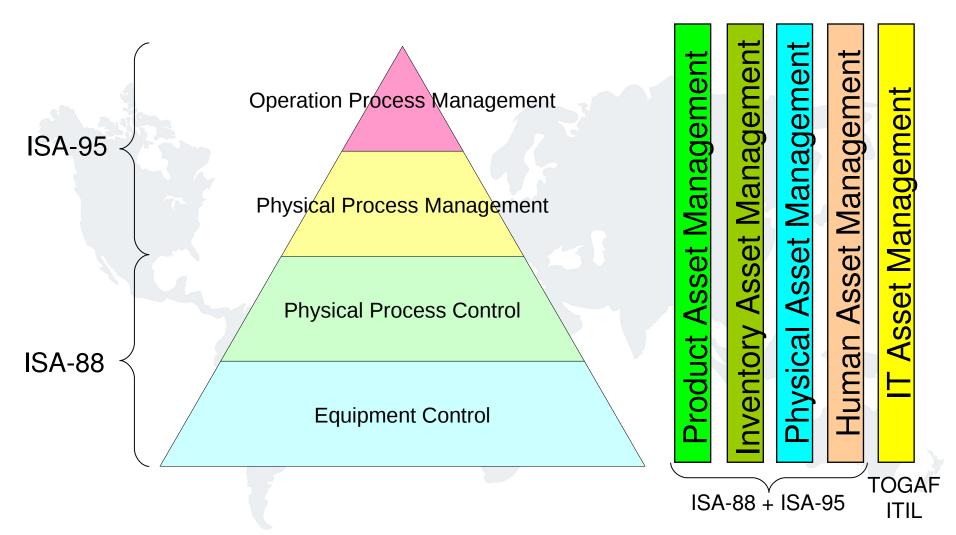
ISA88/95 manufacturing architecture framework

How ISA88/95 fit in EA

- EA frameworks address the whole enterprise
 - This concept is well documented for describing the virtual, informational part of the enterprise
- Manufacturing architecture is a sub part of EA
 - Manufacturing is much more complex, needs "information translation" from its physical nature.
- Information / System gap is harder to close!
 - ISA88/95 helps to depict, understand and control the manufacturing reality
- The next slide gives the big picture of an integrated ISA88/95 manufacturing architecture framework

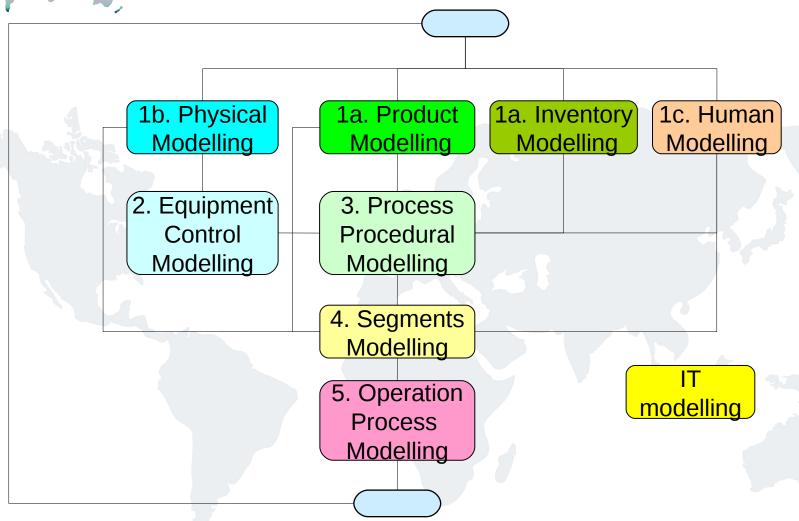


Manufacturing Architecture Dimensions



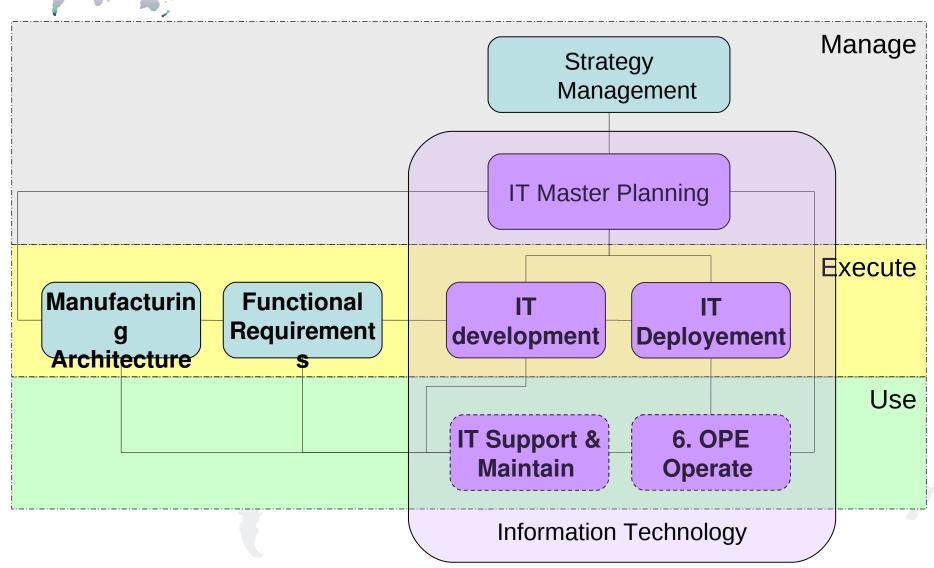


Ongoing Manufacturing Architecture





Business/IT Convergence Processes







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Entropy is a basic behaviour of nature

Ongoing disorder - Arrow of time – Ignorance

Enterprises obey to physical laws

- Complex, open Earth subsystems, subject to Entropy and Chaos
- Living organism: React by reorganizing, adapting itself permanently
- Information is its intimate, intrinsic component

Enterprise Architecture

- Manages ongoing enterprise construction, Enables IT convergence
- Manufacturing architecture is more complex, needs "translation"
- ISA88 and ISA95 are good candidate to support MA

Entropy is the indicator of smartness

- Should drive negentropic IT development.
- Working on measuring methods...



The 10 commandments of Systemic

- 1. Preserve variety
- 2. Do not "open" regulatory loops
- 3. Look for the points of amplification
- 4. Re-establish equilibriums through decentralization
- 5. Know how to maintain constraints
- 6. Differentiate to integrate better
- 7. To evolve, allow aggression
- 8. Prefer objectives to detailed programming
- 9. Know how to use operating energy
- 10. Respect response times



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Questions?